

ZESTAW EGZAMINACYJNY JĘZYK ANGIELSKI

II ETAP EDUKACYJNY SZKOŁA PODSTAWOWA Klasa VIII

imię i nazwisko ucznia

dzień - miesiąc - rok
przeprowadzenia egzaminu

2. Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

Every Tuesday, I 1. _____ a series on TV called Child Genius. It's a reality show about really clever kids. This week, I 2. _____ it with my best friend, Tara. She 3. _____ to stay for a couple of days because her parents 4. _____ on holiday. Last week, 5. _____ some amazing children on the show. My favourite 6. _____ a really clever nine-year-old girl called Aliyah, who 7. _____ able to speak nine languages! At the moment, she and her younger brother 8. _____ learning three new languages!

- | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. a) 'm watching | b) was watching | c) watch |
| 2. a) watch | b) was watching | c) 'm watching |
| 3. a) comes | b) is coming | c) was coming |
| 4. a) are going | b) go | c) were going |
| 5. a) there are | b) there were | c) there was |
| 6. a) is | b) were | c) was |
| 7. a) can | b) are | c) is |
| 8. a) are | b) is | c) were |

3. Uzupełnij zdanie właściwym słowem.

1. _____ is a crime which involves taking control of an aeroplane.
2. _____ is a crime which involves stealing and using violence.
3. A _____ is someone who steals things from shops.
4. _____ is a crime which involves stealing or destroying computer data.
5. A _____ is a person who damages buildings, breaks windows, or paints graffiti.

4. Zakończ poprawną odpowiedź.

1. There aren't **many** / **much** students in my class.
2. There is **a lot of** / **many** money on the table.
3. There are **any** / **a lot of** problems in this town.
4. There were **a few** / **a little** people at the concert.
5. Do you have **any** / **some** British friends?
6. I went to the shop to buy **any** / **some** milk.
7. Can you lend me **a couple of** / **plenty of** euros, please?
8. They've got **too much** / **lots of** special offers in the jewellery shop this week.

5. Dopasuj nazwę globalnego problemu (1 – 6) do tematu wycinka z gazety (a – f).

The screenshot shows a worksheet titled "New Voices 8 - Workbook.pdf" in Adobe Acrobat Reader DC. The worksheet contains a word square and a matching exercise. The word square lists the following words: peace, terrorism, immigration, famine, fiction, poverty, racism, pollution, environment, disease, homelessness. The matching exercise consists of six numbered items (a-f) and six corresponding text boxes (e-f). The text boxes contain the following text:

- a) It is a big problem because the number of people who have nowhere to live is growing each month.
- b) The Red Cross is bringing medicines to the affected people, but they urgently need more
- c) Airport controls are stricter after a series of bomb scares. We advise travellers to arrive at the airport three hours before their flight is due
- d) has grown in the past few years. Ben Lee, spokesman for 'Different Colour, Same Rights', spoke about the problems the black community has to face every
- e) While one section of the world wastes millions of people in this country are dying because they do
- f) **Soldiers have been fighting for six days and the number of casualties is now**

On the left side of the worksheet, there are two illustrations: one of a person holding a fruit (labeled 'e') and one of a person eating a burger (labeled 'f'). Below the illustrations, there is a list of words with checkboxes: picture, picture, picture, picture, picture, picture. The word square is partially visible, showing the words: peace, terrorism, immigration, famine, fiction, poverty, racism, pollution, environment, disease, homelessness.

1. Famine – extract _____
2. Homelessness – extract _____
3. War – extract _____
4. Terrorism – extract _____
5. Disease – extract _____
6. Racism – extract _____

This is an identical screenshot to the one above, showing the same worksheet with the word square and matching exercise. The text boxes and illustrations are the same as in the first screenshot.

6. Przeczytaj tekst. Usunięto z niego cztery zdania. Do każdej luki dopasuj brakujące zdanie, tak aby otrzymać logiczny i spójny tekst. Uwaga! Jedno zdanie zostało podane dodatkowo i nie pasuje do żadnej luki.

E-BOOK REVOLUTION?

An e-book is a book in a digital format. E-books are usually read on special devices called e-readers, for example Amazon Kindle. 1. ____

An e-book reader is usually quite expensive, but e-books are usually cheaper than normal books. 2. ____ For example, in 2015, there was one site offering 7,000,000 books or texts free of charge. The best thing is that you can buy and download an e-book within seconds without having to go to the bookshop.

E-books, however, have some disadvantages, too. 3. ____ Another problem is that not all books can be bought as e-books. In addition, some digital books may use a format which is not compatible with your device.

4. ____ In the US in 2014, e-books made up as much as 30% of all book sales in the country, compared with only about 6% in 2010. Who knows what the percentage might be in five years' time?

- A. One of them is that lending a book to your friends isn't always possible.
- B. Although there are still more paper books, it seems that the number of e-books is on the rise.
- C. E-books are also becoming increasingly popular in Europe.
- D. However, they can also be read on computers and mobile devices.
- E. Moreover, there are a lot of e-books available online for which you don't need to pay at all.

7. Uzupełnij tekst formami biernymi czasu przeszłego podanych czasowników.

THE 2004 TSUNAMI

One of the worst disasters in recent history was the 2004 tsunami in South-East Asia. More than 200,000 people 1. were killed (kill) and a large number of people 2. _____ (injure). The popular tourist town of Phuket 3. _____ (destroy) in a few short hours. Hundreds of holiday homes on the nearby Phi Phi islands 4. _____ (throw) into the sea. Victims 5. _____ (take) to hospitals and survivors 6. _____ (move) to higher areas. Some children 7. _____ (save) by a circus elephant that was walking on the beach. Its owner put the children on the elephant's back, and they 8. _____ (carry) to a safe place.

8. Uzupełnij zdania **przeciwieństwami** podanych przymiotników.

HAPPY

SENSITIVE

POLITE

ACTIVE

PRACTICAL

KIND

1. He doesn't have any friends and never goes out. I think he's very _____.
2. I should do more exercises. I live a very _____ life.
3. He is an _____ little boy. He's always mean to people.
4. She made a joke about a very delicate subject. That was very _____.
5. This plan isn't going to work. It's _____.
6. Peter only invited half of his classmates to his birthday party. I think that's really _____ of him.

9. Przeczytaj teksty. W zadaniach 1-6 z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą, zgodną z treścią tekstów. Zakreśl literę A, B albo C.

Hi Tim!

Last time we met at Fiona's party, you mentioned you love Nosowska's new album. Guess what? My uncle's just brought me two tickets for her concert on Friday. Would you like to go? We could meet earlier for a quick coffee in the Happy Beans café opposite the stadium, where the concert takes place. We can quickly get there after our coffee. The concert starts at 7 pm. I know you've got your tennis practice at the sports club then, but maybe you could skip it this time?

Let me know what you think.

Joe

1. The concert is:

- A. at a café
- B. at a stadium
- C. at a sports club

Trekking tours

Are you a bit bored with your nine-to-five routine? Have a look at our exciting range of holidays and decide what type of adventure you'd like.

We have trekking holidays to famous places such as Machu Picchu or the Everest Base Camp Trek, as well as some nearer to home in the Highlands of Scotland. You don't need to be very sporty, just fairly fit. You'll have a great time enjoying nature with a group of new friends. All the holidays include camping, but we'll transport the tents for you!

2. The holiday in the ad is perfect for:

- A. people who don't like sport
- B. people who are not afraid of carrying a tent
- C. nature-lovers

Are you looking for somewhere special to go this weekend? Check out one of these hot new restaurants: Last Days of the Raj

A centrally located Indian restaurant, perfect for eating before or after the cinema or a show. In summer enjoy your meal in the beautiful garden. The most popular dishes are lamb and chicken cooked with mild, medium or hot spices. For brave customers there is extra hot! A Taste of Tuscany

Whether you'd like a relaxed evening meal or a Sunday lunch with all your family, this is the place for you. The chefs have all been trained in Italy and they make both traditional and contemporary dishes. We recommend the pasta and seafood. Your Local Caff

Remember when cafés served full English breakfasts – sausages, beans, fried bread, bacon and eggs – with a strong cup of tea? Well, this place still does and you can have yours at any time you like during the day.

3. If you want to eat mussels or shrimps, go to:

- A. Last Days of the Raj
- B. A Taste of Tuscany
- C. Your Local Caff

4. If you want to have a late breakfast, go to:

- A. Last Days of the Raj
- B. A Taste of Tuscany
- C. Your Local Caff

5. If you want to have a nice time with your nearest and dearest, go to:

- A. Last Days of the Raj
- B. A Taste of Tuscany
- C. Your Local Caff

6. If you want to eat outside, go to:

- A. Last Days of the Raj
- B. A Taste of Tuscany
- C. Your Local Caff

10. Wybierz prawidłową opcję.

1. Look what you **'ve done / did** ! The floor is all wet.
2. She **just finished / 's just finished** her dinner, so she can go out with you now.
3. Tom and Peter **haven't been / weren't** here since Monday.
4. Dad **bought / 's bought** me a new computer game two days ago.
5. Everything that **happened / has happened** that day was very strange. My mum **has come / came** back home very early and she **has started / started** dancing rock'n'roll on the table!
6. My grandma **is making / makes** a delicious cake for me if I **am getting / get** good marks at school.
7. If he **does / will do** that again, I **don't speak / won't speak** to him.
8. You **see / will see** Sandra if she **comes / will come** to the party.
9. Tom **will give / gives** us the car if we **will ask / ask** him.
10. If I **have / had** time, I would **go / to go** to the cinema.
11. The world **will / would** be a better place if there **were / would be** no cars.
12. If it **wouldn't be / wasn't** so cold in winter, we **would plant / will plant** banana trees in Poland.

11. Uzupełnij używając: *must*, *mustn't* lub *don't have to*.

1. You _____ eat the cake if you don't want to.
2. We _____ park here. It's dangerous!
3. I want to get good marks so I _____ study hard.
4. In Poland children _____ go to school at weekends.
5. You _____ stop eating fast food. It's bad for your health!
6. You _____ talk in the test.