

ZESTAW EGZAMINACYJNY JĘZYK ANGIELSKI

II ETAP EDUKACYJNY SZKOŁA PODSTAWOWA Klasa VII

imię i nazwisko ucznia

dzień - miesiąc - rok
przeprowadzenia egzaminu

1. Choose the right word:

eg. A lot of *businesswoman* / *businesswomen* / *businesswomans* buy clothes here.

- a) I can't get in. The door are / is/ were closed.
- b) There isn't much / many / a milk in the bottle.
- c) I hope somebody / anybody / nobody remembered to buy bread.
- d) This is the boy which / who / what lives next door.
- e) The video is much worse / the worst / bad than the old one .
- f) Mary is learning to play the / - / a piano.
- g) This is my fathers' / father's / fathers's notebook.
- h) I think this school is not as good as my / mine / me.
- i) Its / There's / It's raining outside.
- j) They showed us / we / our the baby.

(..... / 10 p)

2. Translate the words in brackets.

eg. *The weather is (jest) wonderful today.*

- a) (Czy oni są) engineers?
- b) The boys (byli) hungry.
- c) Bob (nie czeka) for a taxi at the moment.
- d) Her friend (umie) ride a horse.
- e) We (musimy) thank him for help.
- f) (Czy pracujesz) in an office?
- g) Some men like (wędkowanie).
- h) She (nie ma) any friends here.
- i) (Nie zatrzymuj się) here!
- j) Her parents are (mają zamiar) buy that house.

3. Change the sentences. Use the given words.

eg. *This is my book.*

This book is mine.

a) What's your mother's job?

What does

b) My uncle doesn't travel by bus.

My uncle never

c) Where do those people come from?

Where are

d) What's the price of this printer?

How much

e) What's their age?

How.....?

f) That bag belonged to Susan.

This was

4. Make sentences out of words in the lines.

eg. *he / not / at / was / yesterday / home.*

He was not at home yesterday.

a) the / can / telephone / I / use / ?

.....

b) old / are / as/ theirs / sons / our / as

.....

c) did / which / coat / she / buy / ?

.....

d) more / cinema / is / than / popular / theatre .

.....

e) how / the / horses / there / many / on / are / farm / ?

.....

f) they / why / early / usually / do / leave / so / ?

.....

(..... / 6 p)

5. Pick the right Word for the sentence.

eg. We do / make the shopping on Saturday.

a) They don't eat meat / meet on Friday.

b) A lot of people eat quick / fast food.

c) My mother is a very good cook / cooker.

d) The last train to Warsaw leaves / lives at 7.40.

e) Can you go / walk on your hands ?

f) I'm going out. I must do / make some shopping.

g) The student must teach / learn 30 words for tomorrow.

h) John is higher / taller than me.

i) I'm sorry I'm late. Don't be bad / angry .

j) The alarm clock wakes / gets me up every day.

(..... / 10 p)

6. Fill in the gaps with ONE word only.

eg. Hello! Come in, and sit

Hello! Come in, and sit down!

a) Your face is dirty . You must it .

- b) Hot milk is horrible! I it .
- c) It's dark – on the light, please.
- d) You can't go out. You must at home.
- e) Did you a good time at her party ?
- f) My little sister can a bike .
- g) I must you a good joke.
- h) Help me to the keys. They must be somewhere here.

(..... / 16 p)

7. Pick the right word and underline it.

eg. *There is a good film in/ on TV today.*

- a) I can see seven people on / in the picture.
- b) I see you are interested about / in wild animals.
- c) I often have cornflakes on / for breakfast.
- d) They wrote two letters for / to their parents.
- e) Her children are afraid for / of spiders.
- f) We must borrow some money from / to the bank.
- g) Some people eat turkey at / on Christmas.
- h) I woke up on / in the middle of the night.
- i) The cat slept on / in the sun.
- j) They weren't sure for / of the right answer.

(..... / 10 p)

8. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

eg. *Where did he go (go) last summer?*

- a) At the moment, my dad (wash) the car.
 - b) (be) you late for school yesterday?
 - c) My brother loves (play) computer games.
 - d) you (be) to the USA yet?
 - e) If you (not / read) the book carefully, you won't understand it.
 - f) While she (cook) dinner, the guests arrived.
 - g) I (do) the shopping yesterday.
- (..... / 14 p)

9. What's the opposite?

eg. *small – big*

a) never	h) like
b) tall	i) hard
c) expensive	j) come
d) dangerous	k) single
e) stop	l) old
f) good	m) high
g) happy	n) easy

(..... / 14 p)

10. Correct the mistakes.

eg. *I love musrooms. / I love mushrooms.*

- a) I don't like see food, only fish.
.....
- b) You can't drink bear, you are too young!
.....
- c) Please, don't put any onions in the salad.
.....

(..... / 3 p)